09-MJ-00206-CMP

Magistrate Judge Brian A. Tsuchida



UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON AT SEATTLE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

CASE NO.

11

ANDREW STEVEN GRAY, a/k/a Stryder D. Austin,

V.

Defendant.

AMENDED COMPLAINT for VIOLATIONS 18 U.S.C. §§ 2, 922(g)(1), 922(o)(1), and 924(a)(2), 21 U.S.C. §§ 841(a)(1) and (b)(1)(B), and 26 U.S.C. §§ 5841, 5845, 5861(d), and 5871

BEFORE Brian A. Tsuchida, United States Magistrate Judge, Seattle, Washington.

The undersigned complainant being duly sworn states:

COUNT 1 (Felon in Possession of a Firearm)

On an exact date unknown, but in 2008, in Monroe, within the Western District of Washington, and elsewhere, ANDREW STEVEN GRAY, having previously been convicted in the State of Washington of a crime punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year, to wit, Violation of the Controlled Substances Act, in the Superior Court of Washington for King County, cause number 99-1-02263-3 SEA, on or about April 23, 2009, did knowingly possess, in and affecting interstate commerce, a Ruger .22 caliber semi-automatic pistol, that had been shipped and transported in interstate and foreign commerce.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 922(g)(1) and 924(a)(2).

17

6

7

8

9

10

12

13

14

15

16

18

19

20 21

22

23

2425

26

27

COUNT 2 (Possession of a Machinegun)

On or about May 4, 2009, in Monroe, within the Western District of Washington, and elsewhere, ANDREW STEVEN GRAY did knowingly possess, and did aid and abet the possession of, a machinegun, to wit, a Bushmaster XM-15-E2S .223 caliber fully-automatic machinegun, serial number L039664.

All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 922(o)(1) and 924(a)(2), and Title 18, United States Code, Section 2.

COUNT 3 (Possession of an Unregistered Silencer)

On or about May 4, 2009, in Monroe, within the Western District of Washington, and elsewhere, ANDREW STEVE GRAY knowingly possessed a firearm silencer not registered to him in the National Firearms Registration and Transfer Record.

All in violation of Title 26, United States Code, Sections 5841, 5845, 5861(d), and 5871.

COUNT 4 (Possession of Marijuana with Intent to Distribute)

On or about May 4, 2009, in Snohomis, within the Western District of Washington, and elsewhere, ANDREW STEVEN GRAY knowingly and intentionally possessed, and aided and abetted the possession of, with intent to distribute, marijuana, a controlled substance.

It is further alleged that the offense involved one hundred (100) or more marijuana plants.

All in violation of Title 21, United States Code, Sections 841(a)(1) and 841(b)(1)(B), and Title 18, United States Code, Section 2.

The undersigned complainant, Special Agent Gregory M. Kraus, being duly sworn, states:

Affiant's Background

- 1. I am a Special Agent ("SA") of the Federal Bureau of Investigation ("FBI") and have been so since February 2008. Prior to the FBI, I worked in various capacities ranging from a Navy SEAL Officer to a Department of State protective security specialist. I graduated from the United States Air Force Academy in 1997, after which I received my commission as a Naval Officer. I served in the United States Navy for six years as a SEAL Platoon Commander and Assistant Platoon Commander. Later, I worked for the United States Department of State, Bureau of Diplomatic Security, as a member of the United States Diplomatic Protection Detail in Baghdad, Iraq. I was subsequently employed by the United States Secret Service and attended the Criminal Investigator Training Program at the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center. Since entering on duty with the Federal Bureau of Investigation, I have been assigned to the Joint Terrorism Task Force ("JTTF"), where I am responsible for investigating violations of federal criminal laws. My primary focus is on investigating potential domestic terrorism, including right-wing extremists and anti-government groups.
- 2. This Complaint is based upon the following information gathered by me and other law enforcement officers. For purposes of conducting this investigation and drafting this affidavit, I have spoken to other agents, law enforcement officers, and other interested individuals about this investigation, and have read reports concerning the progress of the investigation. The statements contained in this affidavit are based on my personal knowledge or on information that has been provided to me directly or indirectly by other investigating agents/officers, and on my experience and training. The information contained herein is intended to establish probable cause and does not contain every fact known to me and other officers regarding this investigation.

The "Sovereign Citizen" Movement

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

- 3. The "Sovereign Citizen" movement is a loosely organized group of people adhering to the belief that the government fundamentally has no authority over them. The belief system has many forms and offshoots, ranging from purely legal arguments to purely religious arguments and often including a mix of the two. In general, sovereign citizen adherents believe that the federal courts have no jurisdiction beyond federal property. Additionally, they often believe that, because the names of parties are written in capital letters on court pleadings ("JOE SMITH"), the paperwork is referring to a mythical "straw man" entity and not the real person. Sovereign citizen adherents also believe that submitting to any process, usually by way of their signature, in any way involved with the federal government (social security, driver licensing, car registrations, marriage licenses, hunting and fishing licenses, etc.) constitutes an admission that they are not in fact sovereign. Many adherents will write statements such as "Under Duress," "No Liability Accepted," or "Without Prejudice UCC 1-308" on documents such as drivers' licenses which they must sign in order to conduct their day-to-day lives. Regardless of the label applied or the specific form their ideology takes, their ideology fundamentally rests on the belief that the federal courts, federal law, and ultimately the federal government and all of its agencies have no legal authority to impose their will upon a "sovereign citizen."
- 4. Individuals involved in the "Patriot Movement," also referred to as "constitutionalists," often hold belief systems very similar to those in the Sovereign Citizen movement. In fact, it is very common for individuals to adhere to both ideologies. Members of the Patriot Movement are more often marked by the view that the federal government in its current form is irreparably corrupt and has drifted too far away from a strict interpretation of the Constitution. These individuals often store quantities of firearms, ammunition, food, water, and other supplies in anticipation of the breakdown of society and a time when they will have to be self sufficient. These individuals also believe that they are routinely monitored by the federal government, in

violation of their Constitutional rights, and as such, they tend to be very security conscious, employing security cameras, motion sensors and other measures on their property. Groups of like-minded individuals often form "Militia" groups, envisioning the day when the country will call them to action. Again, these individuals feel that the federal government no longer has any authority over them, and thus the federal criminal laws – including the firearms laws – do not apply to them.

The Investigation Of ANDREW STEVEN GRAY

- 5. I have seen court documents showing that, on April 23, 2009, ANDREW STEVEN GRAY, a/k/a Stryder D. Austin, was convicted in the Superior Court of Washington for King County, in cause number 99-1-02263-3 SEA of an offense punishable by imprisonment for a term exceeding one year, namely a violation of the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, RCW 69.50.401(d). GRAY appealed his conviction, and on November 19, 2007, the Court of Appeals of the State of Washington, Division One, upheld the conviction. I have also seen court documents that show that GRAY was also served with a Notification of Ineligibility to Possess Firearm, which he refused to sign.
- 6. I have seen court documents that show that, during his King County case, GRAY filed *pro se* arguments challenging the court's jurisdiction. GRAY argued that, due to problems with the constitutional convention of 1889, the State of Washington was acting as a corporation, not a government, and had no authority over him. Based on my training and experience, I know that arguments such as those outlined above are common indicators that an individual is an adherent to "constitutionalist" or "sovereign citizen" ideology. Additionally, in a photograph obtained by me from the Washington State Department of Licensing, GRAY wrote "no liability accepted" above his signature. Based on my training and experience I know that this is also an indicator of "sovereign citizen" ideology.
- 7. This investigation involves a Confidential Informant ("CI"). Per standard policy, I will refer to the CI as if he were a man, regardless of the CI's true gender. The

- 8. The CI told us that, on a date in 2008, he saw ANDREW STEVEN GRAY firing an AR-15 style rifle and a Ruger .22 caliber pistol at 21007 Ben Howard Road, Monroe, Washington. The residence is owned by "J.F." and is known as the Militia Training Center ("MTC"). J.F. built a small shooting range on the property and routinely holds training for individuals involved in the militia movement. According to the CI, GRAY'S rifle was equipped with an Aimpoint red dot sight. The CI reported that GRAY has told the CI that he keeps a pistol in his vehicle at all times, and that he keeps a .45 caliber Kimber pistol on his person at all times while at home.
- 9. The CI told us that, on a later occasion, he again saw GRAY firing guns, including a Ruger pistol. On this second occasion, agents conducted a surveillance of GRAY and saw GRAY meet with the CI and travel to the MTC. While GRAY and the CI were at the MTC, agents heard the sound of gunfire coming from the compound. The CI was equipped with a recording device when he met with GRAY that day. I have listened to those recordings and have heard the CI talking to a man he calls "Drew." "Drew" talks about possessing firearms.
- 10. I contacted the Product Service Department of Sturm, Ruger, and Company, Incorporated, in Prescott, Arizona, the manufacturers of Ruger pistols. The company confirmed that Ruger does not have any manufacturing plants in the State of Washington, and also confirmed that no Ruger pistols have ever been made in Washington. Therefore, the pistol that was in GRAY'S possession must have traveled in interstate commerce.
- 11. From my background in the military and law enforcement, I have extensive training and experience with firearms. Based on what I know about Ruger pistols, and the CI's report of GRAY firing the .22 caliber Ruger, I can confirm that the weapon meets the definition of a firearm under federal law, as it is a weapon designed to expel a projectile by means of an explosive.

- 12. My investigation -- including surveillance of GRAY's movements -- led me 1 to believe that GRAY was storing firearms at Chain Lake Self Storage, located at 14911 2 Chain Lake Road in Monroe. To confirm this, FBI SA K. Erika Jensen and I interviewed 3 the manager of Chain Lake Self Storage and reviewed video footage from the company's 4 surveillance cameras. The video showed GRAY parking his vehicle near the center of the 5 easternmost building and entering the building through a door. The manager showed us 6 7 the paperwork that GRAY completed when he initially rented the storage unit. GRAY gave the storage facility a photographic identification from the "Kingdom of Heaven" in 8 9 GRAY's name and with GRAY's picture on it (I recognized GRAY from his Washington driver's license photo). The storage unit, number B186, was listed under the company 10 11 name "1st International Marketing."
 - 13. Records provided by Verizon Wireless in response to a subpoena show that the phone number (206) 714-5810 is registered to "1st International Marketing Incorporated, Suite 130, 19916 Old Owen Road, Monroe, Washington." Based on reports obtained from both Choicepoint and Lexis/ Nexis public databases, that address belongs to GRAY. Records provided by First Premier Bankcard in response to a subpoena show that GRAY maintains a credit card and that the listed address is 19916 Old Owen Road #130, Monroe, Washington. A search of the Washington Secretary of State's web site showed that the registered agent of 1st International Marketing is STEVE GRAY with an address of 1250 North Wenatchee Way #276, Wenatchee, Washington. A search of Lexis/Nexis indicated that this address is associated with GRAY.
 - 14. On May 4, 2009, FBI agents executed a search warrant on storage unit B186 located at Chain Lake Self Storage. A total of twenty one firearms, including one machine gun, were seized from the storage unit. Additionally, four silencers, two bulletproof vests, and approximately 9,000 rounds of assorted ammunition were also seized. The seized firearms were as follows (Make, Model, Caliber/Type, Serial Number, and manufacturer's stamp or Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives ("BATFE") recorded place of origin):

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

` 1	a. Springfield Armory, XD-40, .40 cal Pistol, US 437512, Made in Croatia -
2	verified through BATFE National Tracing Center;
3	b. DSA, SA-58, .308 cal Rifle, 129695, Lake Barrington, Illinois - verified through
4	BATFE National Tracing Center;
5	c. Remington, Model 700, .308 cal Rifle, E6601891, Ilion, New York - verified
6	through visual inspection of stamp on weapon;
7	d. Savage, Model 10, .308 cal Rifle, G354270, Westfield, Massachusetts - verified
8	through visual inspection of stamp on weapon;
9	e. Walther, P22, .22 cal Pistol, L111734, Made in Germany - verified through
10	BATFE National Tracing Center;
11	f. Kimber, Custom TLE/RLII, .45 cal Pistol, K161853, Yonkers, New York -
12	verified through internet research;
13	g. Bushmaster, XM-15-E2S, .223 cal Machine Gun, L039664, Windham, Maine -
14	originally sold in Bucyrus, Ohio - verified through BATFE National Tracing Center;
15	h. CZ, 75B, 9mm Pistol, 5057L, Made in Czech Republic, imported in Kansas
16	City, Kansas - verified through BATFE National Tracing Center;
17	i. Glock, Model 19, 9mm Pistol, GXN531, Made in Austria, imported in Smyrna,
18	Georgia - verified through BATFE National Tracing Center;
19	j. EAA, Witness, .45 cal Pistol, EA23850, Made in Italy - verified through visual
20	inspection of stamp on weapon;
21	k. High Standard, M-101, .22 cal Pistol, 2114930, with threaded barrel, Hamden,
22	Connecticut - verified through visual inspection of stamp on weapon;
23	1. Dan Wesson Arms, Model 15, .357 cal Pistol, 19222;
24	m. High Standard, M-101, .22 cal Pistol, 2114930, with threaded barrel, Hamden,
25	Connecticut - verified through visual inspection of stamp on weapon;
26	n. Baikal, IJ90, 9mm Makarov Pistol, PC5446, Imported in Harrisburg,
27	Pennsylvania - verified through BATFE National Tracing Center;
28	

- o. Taurus, .357 Revolver, .357 cal Pistol, KJ514228, Made in Brasil verified through visual inspection of stamp on weapon;
- p. Ruger, Mark 3 Target, .22 cal Pistol, 22716978, with threaded barrel verified through Sturm Ruger Incorporated;
- q. Bushmaster, Max 15, .223 Rifle, L288774, , Windham, Maine verified through visual inspection of stamp on weapon;
 - r. SNS Industries, Max 15, .223 Rifle, SNS0932, Snohomish, Washington; and
- s. SNS Industries, MiltiMod, 9mm Pistol, SNS0633, with buttstock, Snohomish, Washington.
- 15. As noted in the list above, with the exception of items (l), (r), and (s), I have personally verified that there is probable cause to believe that each weapon traveled in interstate commerce or foreign commerce.
- 16. I have spoken with FBI SA James Elliot, a certified FBI Firearms
 Instructor, who personally inspected each of the above weapons (items (a) through (s))
 and confirmed that the weapons meet the definition of a firearm under federal law, as
 each is a weapon designed to expel a projectile by means of an explosive.
- 17. SA Elliot also confirmed that item (g), the Bushmaster, XM-15-E2S, .223 cal Machine Gun, L039664), meets the definition of a machine gun as defined under federal law because it automatically shoots more than one shot, without manual reloading, by a single function of the trigger.
- 18. Also seized from the storage unit were four silencers. Based on my experience in the military and law enforcement, I have extensive experience with firearms, including silencers. Based on what I know about silencers, the four items I viewed are silencers as defined under federal law because they are devices for silencing, muffling, or diminishing the report of a portable firearm. None of the four silencers had serial numbers on them. I spoke with BATFE SA Julianne Marshal who stated that the lack of serial numbers on the silencers shows that they have not been registered in the

National Firearms Registration and Transfer Record under the provisions of the National Firearms Act.

- 19. On May 4, 2009, FBI agents executed a search warrant at GRAY's house, located at 18715 126th Street Southeast, in Snohomish, Washington. In the home, agents seized a handwritten document listing a total of twenty three firearms. Of those twenty three items listed, twelve matched items seized from the storage unit (items b, d, f, h, i, j, k, l, m, o, q, and s).
- 20. Agents also discovered a marijuana grow operation located in the detached garage at the GRAY'S house. I have spoken with SA Elliott, who has extensive experience in conducting drug investigations, including marijuana grow operations. SA Elliott informed me that the plants located in the detached garage were marijuana plants. The main room of the garage contained between 300-400 adult plants. A side room contained approximately 100 smaller plants. The room was well ventilated, with foam filters placed over the air intakes to mask the smell of the grow from outside of the garage. Documents showing grow cycles, fertilization procedures, and pay-owe sheets (ledgers of drug dealing) were also recovered from the residence.
- 21. GRAY was arrested on May 4, 2009. After GRAY's arrest, I read him his *Miranda* rights. GRAY said that he understood his rights and agreed to answer questions. GRAY eventually admitted that he knowingly possessed the firearms and silencers found in his storage unit. GRAY also admitted that he had been growing marijuana at his house and selling it. GRAY said that he kept his guns separate from his marijuana because he was trying to avoid enhanced criminal penalties from having guns and drugs in the same place.
- 22. I respectfully submit that there is probable cause to believe that ANDREW STEVEN GRAY committed the crimes identified in Counts 1 through 4 of this Amended //

1	Complaint, as set forth above and incorporated in the body of this Affidavit by reference.
2	
3	
4	3 m gh
5	Gregory Kraus, Complainant Special Agent, Federal Bureau of Investigation
6	
7	
8	Based on the Complaint and Affidavit sworn to before me, and subscribed in my
9	presence, the Court hereby finds that there is probable cause to believe the defendant committed the offense set forth in the Complaint.
10	
11	Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 20 day of May, 2009. BRIAN A. TSUCHIDA UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
26	
27	
28	